EXODUS 29 - PRIESTHOOD OF BELIEVERS

Sermon Outline Handout By Kevin McGill

I. Cleansing – Sin Offering (Exodus 29:10–14)

A priest is a conduit of the goodness of God to others.

A priest cannot pass on God's goodness if sin dwells in him.

- · Ritual: hand on bull, blood on horns and altar, organs given to God, leftovers outside the camp.
- Fulfillment: Jesus is the greater High Priest (Hebrews 7:26–28). We lay our hands on the cross; He carries our sins outside the camp.
- · Cleansing is once-for-all in Christ, but experienced daily through the Spirit.

II. Devotion – Burnt Offering (Exodus 29:15–18)

A priest leads others to total devotion to God by fully devoting themselves.

- The ram is entirely consumed—a symbol of wholehearted devotion to God.
- · Augustine: "You have made us for Yourself, O Lord, and our heart is restless until it rests in You."
- Application: A priest leads others to devotion by first being fully devoted. Children and others catch what we model more than what we say.

III. Fellowship – Wave Offering & Shared Meal (Exodus 29:19–34; Leviticus 7:28–36)

The priest hosts a friendship between God and another.

- Ritual: blood on ear, thumb, toe (all of life belongs to God); oil and blood on garments; shared covenant meal with God.
- · Symbol: Fellowship with God leads to hosting others in His presence.
- · Application: Priests must be friends of God to host friendship between God and others. Parents especially act as conduits of God's friendship to their children.

Conclusion

Funerals remind us that we are what we pass on—love, faith, and character. As priests of Christ, we pass on His goodness, His devotion, and His fellowship.

Invitation: Receive His cleansing daily, devote yourself fully, and walk in friendship with God. You are priests—conduits of His goodness.